SUMMARY

During the March quarter 2023:

- The Consumer Price Index (CPI) rose 1.4% nationally and rose 1.2% in Adelaide; and
- Annual CPI inflation to the March quarter 2023 was 7.0% nationally and 7.9% in Adelaide.

The average of the Reserve Bank of Australia's two measures of underlying inflation was 6.2% for the year to the March quarter 2023.

FURTHER ANALYSIS

The annual increase in the national CPI of 7.0% was down from 7.8% in the previous quarter.

For Adelaide the annual increase of 7.9% was down from 8.6% recorded in the previous quarter—see Chart 1. Adelaide's annual increase was the highest of the eight capital cities.

Above national average annual CPI increases were recorded for Adelaide (up 7.9%), Brisbane (up 7.4%) and Sydney (up 7.3%), while below national average CPI increases were recorded for Hobart (up 6.9%), Melbourne (up 6.8%), Darwin and Canberra (both up 6.2%) and Perth (up 5.8%) —see Table 1.

The Reserve Bank of Australia's measures of 'underlying' inflation show annual growth of 5.8% for the weighted median and 6.6% for the trimmed mean—see Chart 2. The RBA monitors these two series as part of the process of determining official interest rates.

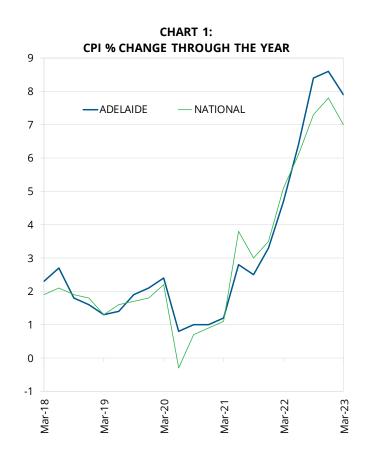


TABLE 1: CPI movement by Capital City

	Mar Qtr 23	Mar Qtr 23	
	vs Dec Qtr 22	vs Mar Qtr 22	
	(%)	(%)	
Sydney	1.4	7.3	
Melbourne	1.2	6.8	
Brisbane	1.9	7.4	
Adelaide	1.2	7.9	
Perth	0.9	5.8	
Hobart	1.2	6.9	
Darwin	1.3	6.2	
Canberra	1.4	6.2	
National - headline	1.4	7.0	
National – underlying*	1.2	6.2	

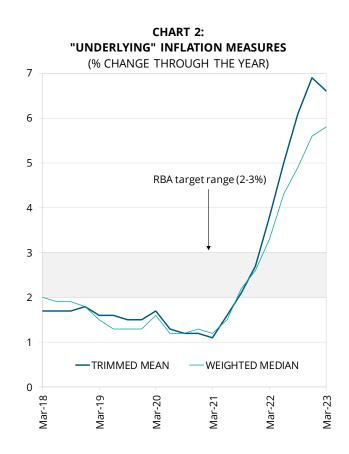
* Average of RBA trimmed mean and weighted median measures



DRIVERS OF CHANGE IN THE QUARTER

Nationally, the rise in the CPI during the March quarter reflected the impact of rising prices for Medical and hospital services (up 4.2%), Tertiary education (up 9.7%), Gas and other household fuels 14%), Domestic holiday travel (up and accommodation (up 4.7%), New dwelling purchase by owner-occupiers (up 1.2%) and Rents (up 1.6%). The most significant offsetting price fall was for International holiday travel and accommodation (down 8.2%), followed by Furniture (down 4.6%).

In Adelaide, the rise in the CPI during the March quarter reflected the impact of rising prices for New dwelling purchase by owner-occupiers (up 2.6%), Medical and hospital services (up 3.2%), Tertiary education (up 10%), Rents (up 1.6%) and Domestic holiday travel and accommodation (up 2.3%). These rises were partially offset by price falls for International holiday travel and accommodation (down 5.6%) and Furniture (down 5.0%).



Next release of this ABS data (formerly cat. no. 6401.0) is 26 July 2023

	% change	% change in quarter		% change in year	
	National	Adelaide	National	Adelaide	
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	1.6	2.0	8.0	9.0	
Alcohol and tobacco	1.1	1.3	4.4	4.7	
Clothing & Footwear	-2.6	-3.8	3.2	2.1	
Housing	1.9	1.5	9.8	12.3	
Rents	1.6	1.6	4.9	5.6	
New dwelling purchase by owner-occupiers	1.2	2.6	12.7	19.2	
Electricity	3.0	-0.1	15.5	14.3	
Furnishings, household equipment & services	-0.5	-0.7	6.7	7.3	
Furniture	-4.6	-5.0	9.0	9.1	
Health	3.8	3.3	5.3	4.7	
Transport	0.6	0.4	4.3	4.1	
Automotive Fuel	-0.8	-1.2	1.1	1.4	
Communication	0.1	0.1	1.2	1.2	
Recreation and culture	0.2	0.2	8.6	8.4	
Domestic holiday travel and accommodation	4.7	2.3	25.0	22.9	
International holiday travel and accommodation	-8.2	-5.6	38.3	41.8	
Education	5.3	5.8	5.4	6.2	
Insurance & financial services	1.9	1.5	6.5	8.0	
All Groups	1.4	1.2	7.0	7.9	

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TABLE 2: Per cent changes in CPI by component group, March quarter 2023

